Compounded €STR Average (Compounded euro short-term rate average)		
Benchmark providing entity	European Centra address and	Bank (hereinafter: ECB) Sonnemannstrasse 20
	registered office: Website:	60314 Frankfurt am Main Germany
	email: LEI No.:	https://www.ecb.europa.eu/home/html/index.en.html ESTR_Complaints@ecb.europa.eu 549300DTUYXVMJXZNY75
Periods (tenors) for which the benchmark is published and ISIN numbers	name:	ISIN number:
	1W	EU000A2QQF16
	1M	EU000A2QQF24
	3M	EU000A2QQF32
	6M	EU000A2QQF40
	12M	EU000A2QQF57
The benchmark determination methodology	The benchmark is determined by the ECB. The €STR determination methodology is defined by the ECB in the document: "The euro short-term rate (€STR) methodology and policies" published on the ECB's website.	
Key information on the benchmark	Detailed information on the benchmark is available in the document "Independent assurance report on the European Central Bank's (ECB) statement of compliance with control processes defined in relation to governance, quality and accountability activities over the euro short-term rate (€STR) and its adherence to the International Organization of Securities Commissions (IOSCO) Principles for Financial Benchmarks", which is available on the ECB's website.	
Time of benchmark publication	The ECB publishes the benchmark value every working day (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays) at 09:15 a.m. (CET).	
Benchmark value information	The benchmark value is published by ECB on the platform "Market Information Dissemination (MID)", and "Statistical Data Warehouse", access to which is available without a license and free of charge. The benchmark value is also available through information distributors (e.g. Bloomberg, Reuters) on the terms & conditions they may set out.	
Possible changes to the benchmark determination methodology	The method of determining the benchmark may change. Details of methodology change procedure are set out by the ECB on its website.	
The risk of the benchmark's permanent cessation	The ECB may cease providing the benchmark. In case of the benchmark's permanent cessation, it may be required to use appropriate contingency procedures or regulations or carry out similar activities relevant for a given contractual relationship, or apply relevant laws, recommendations or guidelines issued by the specified authority to regulate activities in such cases.	
Where does the Bank publish benchmark information?	More information on the benchmark can be found on the website of the Bank: https://www.citibank.pl/poland/homepage/polish/ibor.htm	